



1

Time is Brain, Data is Power
Core Stroke Management and the Innovations Changing Outcomes

Ganesh Asaithambi, MD, MBA, MS, FAAN, FAHA
System Medical Director, Stroke and Hospital Neurology Program, Allina Brain & Spine Institute
Market Physician Executive, Allina Health Regional Hospitals and EMS

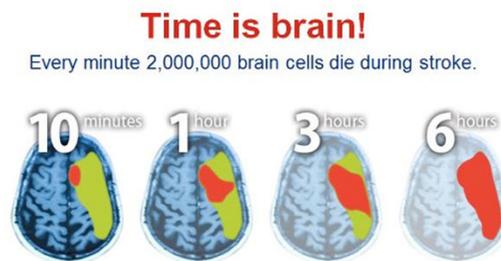

Allina Health
BRAIN & SPINE
INSTITUTE

The slide has a dark blue background with a white border. The main title "Time is Brain, Data is Power" is in a large, bold, white serif font. Below it, the subtitle "Core Stroke Management and the Innovations Changing Outcomes" is in a smaller, bold, white sans-serif font. The speaker's name and credentials are listed in a white sans-serif font. At the bottom center is the Allina Health logo, which includes a stylized white icon above the text "Allina Health" and "BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE" in a smaller font.

2

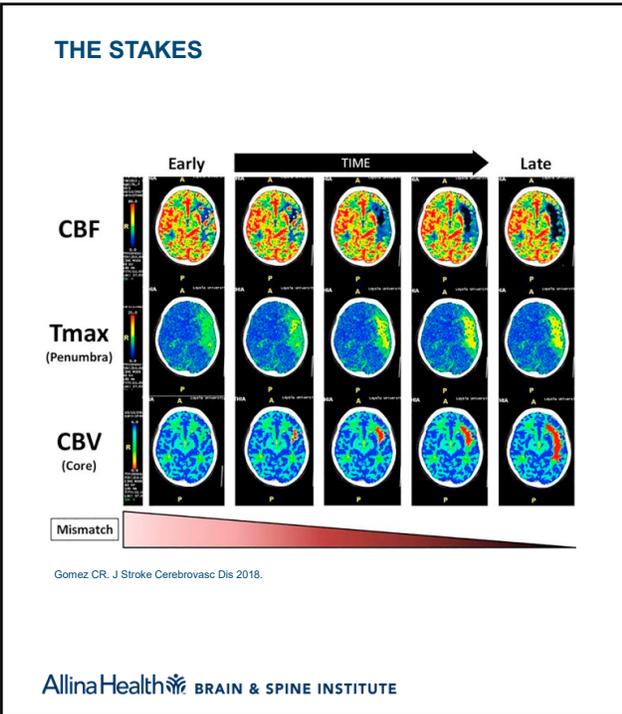
Conflicts of Interest

- No relevant financial disclosures
- Will not speak about off label use of devices or medications
- Serve on the Board of Directors for Minnesota Connect Aphasia Now



AllinaHealth BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE

3



Time is Brain!

	Neurons Lost	Synapses Lost	Myelinated Fibers Lost	Accelerated Aging
Per Stroke	1.2 billion	8.3 trillion	7140 km/4470 miles	36 y
Per Hour	120 million	830 billion	714 km/447 miles	3.6 y
Per Minute	1.9 million	14 billion	12 km/7.5 miles	3.1 wk
Per Second	32 000	230 million	200 meters/218 yards	8.7 h

Ganti L. Int J Emerg Med 2025

4

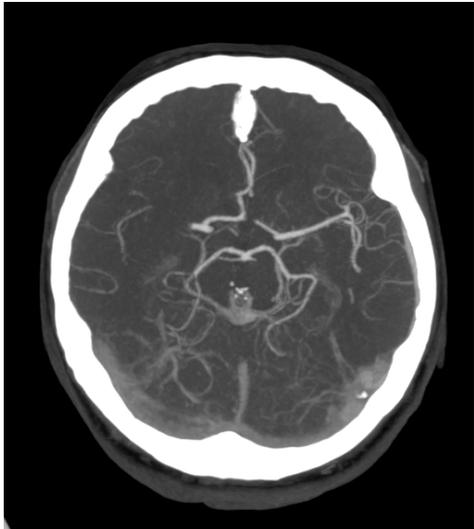
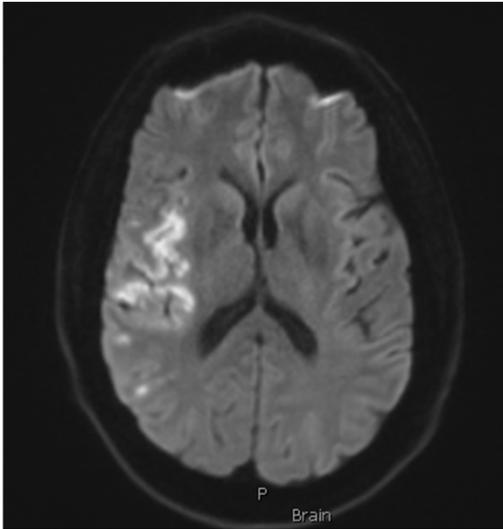
4

Objectives

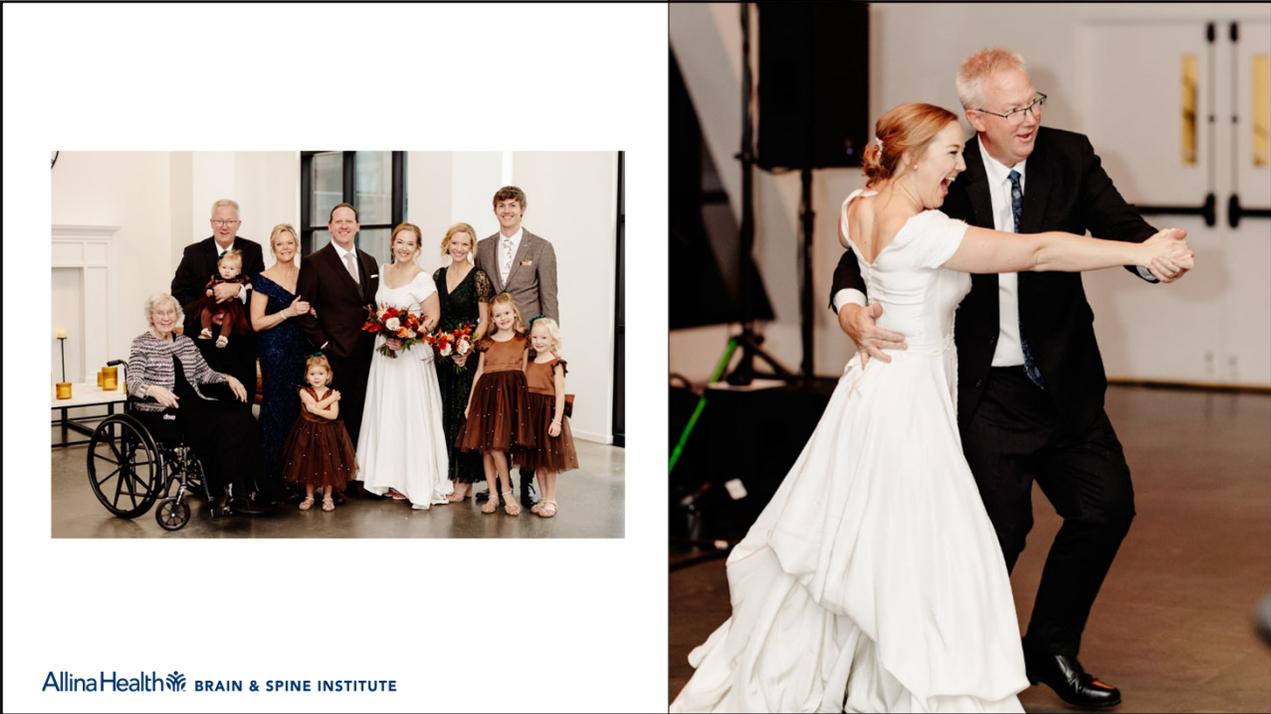
- Explain how data-driven innovations have advanced stroke management
- Identify emerging technologies transforming stroke care
- Integrate new research and evolving guidelines into practical clinical decision-making

5

Mark's Story of 30 Minutes



6



7

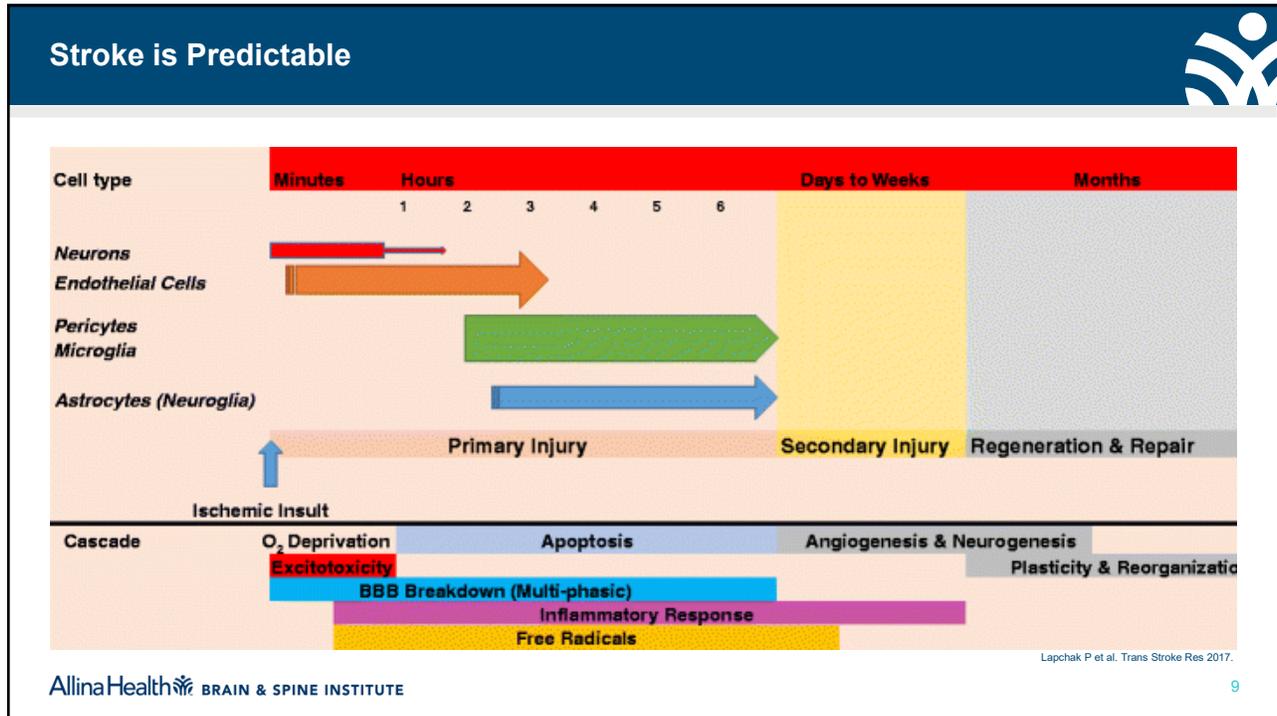
Stroke is a Systems Disease

Stroke ≠ Neurologist Problem
Stroke = System Design Opportunity

AllinaHealth  BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE

8

8



9

Six Decisions

When it comes to stroke, **BE FAST**

B **Balance**
Sudden difficulty with balance

E **Eyes**
Sudden problems with vision in one or both eyes

F **Face**
Face or smile droops on one side

A **Arms**
Sudden weakness in arm or leg

S **Speech**
Unable to repeat a simple sentence, or slurred words

T **Time**
If you observe any of these symptoms, call 911 immediately

Detect

Image

Decide

Reperfuse

Stabilize

Prevent

AllinaHealth BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE 10

10

The known and unknown of stroke

Each year **795,000** people in the U.S. have a stroke.¹

KNOWN

STROKE is an interruption of blood flow to the brain. Without oxygen-rich blood, brain cells die.

TYPES OF STROKE

- Ischemic** occurs when a clot or mass blocks a blood vessel, cutting off blood flow to a part of the brain.¹ (87%)
- Hemorrhagic** occurs when a weakened blood vessel, like an aneurysm, ruptures and spills blood into the brain.¹ (13%)

AllinaHealth BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE

11

11

Neuroanatomy That Matters

- Motor
- Speech
- Vision
- Balance

AllinaHealth BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE

12

12

Detect: The Moment That Changes Everything

- VAN, FAST-ED, RACE
- Early recognition = earlier reperfusion
- Detection begins before CT



RACE

Facial Palsy	2 points
Arm Motor Function	2 points
Leg Motor Function	2 points
Gaze Palsy	1 point
Aphasia/ Agnosia	2 points

When ≥ 5 , RACE has:

- 0.85 sensitivity
- 0.68 specificity

for identifying LVO

VAN

Arm Weakness and Visual Disturbance or Aphasia or Neglect	<i>Sine qua non</i> +/- +/- +/-
---	--

When $\geq 1+$, VAN has:

- 100% sensitivity
- 90% specificity

for identifying emergent LVO

FAST-ED

Facial Palsy	1 point
Arm Weakness	2 points
Speech Changes	2 points
Eye Deviation	2 points
Denial/Neglect	2 points

When ≥ 3 , FAST-ED has:

- 0.71 sensitivity
- 0.78 specificity

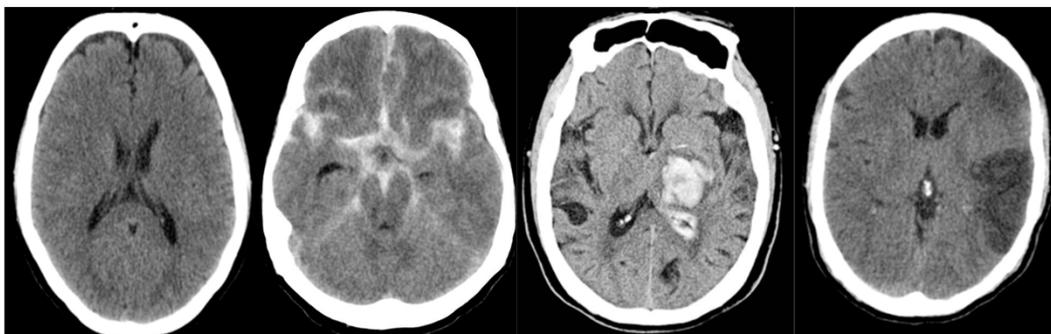
When ≥ 4 , FAST-ED has:

- 0.61 sensitivity
- 0.89 specificity

Eng M et al. Curr Atheroscler Rep 2017.

13

Image: CT Head

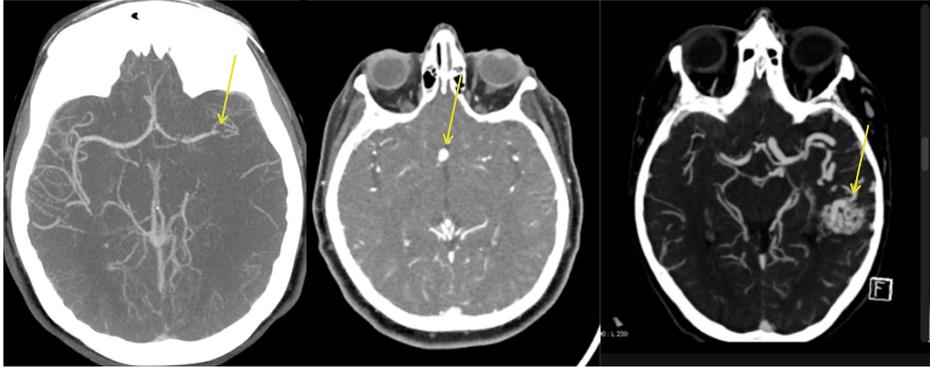


Courtesy: Radiopaedia

14

Image: CTA

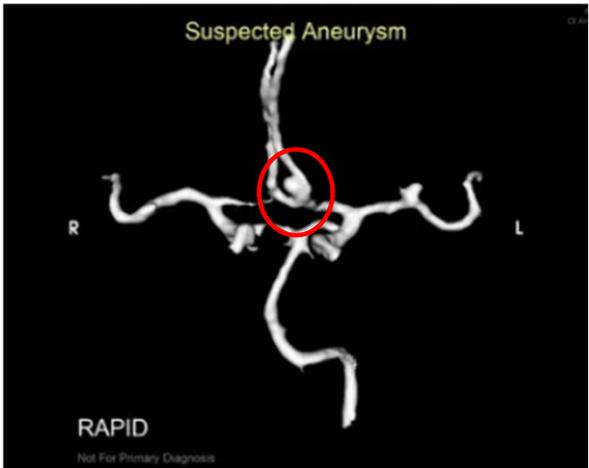
Finding the Enemy



Courtesy: Radiopaedia

15

CT + AI: Find the Enemy Quicker



16

Image: CTP

Tissue over Time

Volume of Ischemic Core, 23 ml

Volume of Perfusion Lesion, 128 ml

Mismatch volume, 105 ml
 Mismatch ratio, 5.6

Albers GW et al. New Engl J Med 2018.

AllinaHealth BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE 17

17

Reperfuse: IV Thrombolysis for Ischemic Stroke

Tenecteplase versus Alteplase in Clinical Practice

Workflow Times

Alteplase N=354

Tenecteplase N=234

Door to Needle Time ≤ 45 min

Response	Alteplase (%)	Tenecteplase (%)
Yes	29%	41%
No	71%	59%

Tenecteplase quicker to treat, P=.002

Door-in to Door-out ≤ 90 min

Response	Alteplase (%)	Tenecteplase (%)
Yes	14%	37%
No	86%	63%

Tenecteplase quicker to transfer, P=.006

Outcome at Hospital Discharge

Alteplase N=354

Tenecteplase N=234

Favorable Outcome

Response	Alteplase (%)	Tenecteplase (%)
Yes	39%	44%
No	61%	56%

Discharged home, walking independently

Unfavorable Outcome

Response	Alteplase (%)	Tenecteplase (%)
Yes	12%	7%
No	88%	93%

Symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage, hospice, or death

Hospital Cost per Case

Alteplase	Tenecteplase
\$15,841	\$13,382

P<.001

Warach SJ et al. Stroke 2022.

AllinaHealth BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE 18

18

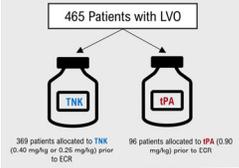
Reperfuse: IV Thrombolysis in Ischemic Stroke

Tenecteplase vs Alteplase

- Higher specificity for fibrin (14-fold)
- Greater fibrinogen preservation (10-fold)
- Reduced binding to plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 (80-fold greater resistance)
- Longer half-life
 - Administered in a single dose over 5 seconds
 - Shorter half-life alteplase is what mandates hour-long infusion
 - Gaps between bolus and infusion for alteplase
 - ≥ 5 min in 80% of patients
 - Results in substantially lower achieved serum levels and clinical effectiveness

POPULATION

- A pooled analysis of two RCTs
- Adults with occlusion of the ICA or MCA presenting within 4.5 hours of symptom onset
- Basilar artery and isolated extracranial ICA occlusions excluded



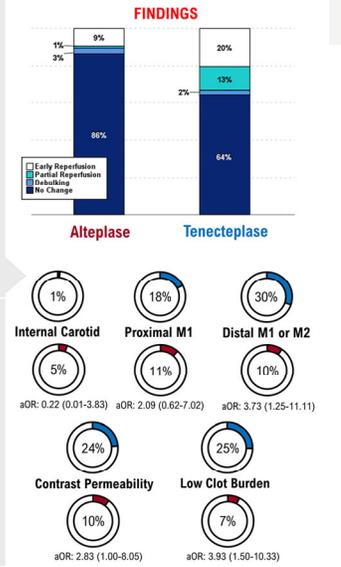
METHODS

Outcomes:

- **Early Reperfusion** - Absence of retrievable thrombus or $>50\%$ reperfusion on imaging assessment.

Subgroup Analysis:

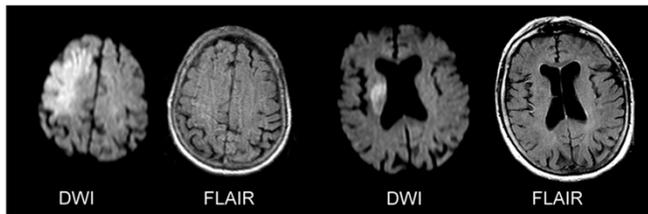
- Occlusion Site (ICA, Proximal M1, Distal M1 and M2)
- Contrast Permeability (Residual Flow)
- Clot Burden (Clot Burden Score)



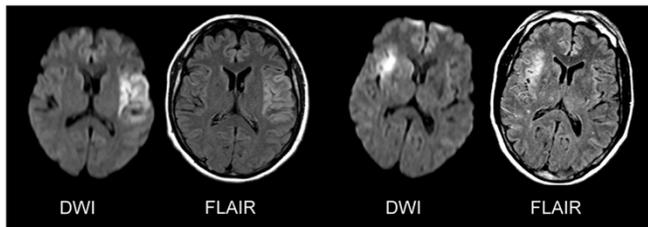
19

Expanding the Window to 24 Hours: IV Thrombolysis

DWI-FLAIR-mismatch



No DWI-FLAIR-mismatch



20

IV Thrombolysis at Allina Health: Cost

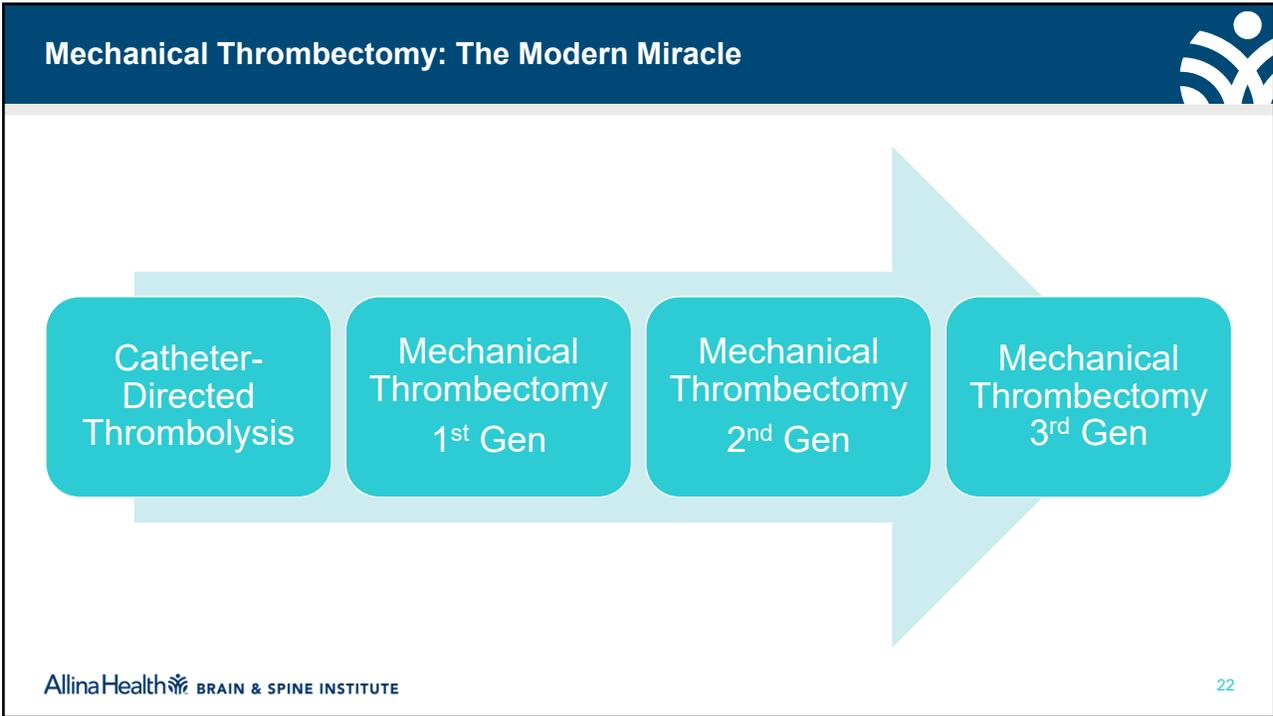
Tenecteplase vs Alteplase

	Unweighted	95% bootstrap CI	Weighted	95% bootstrap CI
Costs in 12/2023 dollars (negative indicates saved \$)				
Thrombolytic Drug Cost, Difference in Medians	-\$4,136	[-\$4,519, -\$3,900]	-\$4,141	[-\$4,522, -\$3,922]
Total Hospital Encounter Charges, Difference in Medians	-\$7,031	[-\$17,020, \$4,176]	-\$3,213	[-\$15,031, \$7,251]
Treatment effect (positive indicates benefit)				
Home Discharge, % Difference	2.85	[-7.46, 13.26]	2.44	[-8.31, 12.53]
Incremental Cost-Effectiveness Ratio				
Drug Cost Difference / Home Discharge % Difference	-\$1,451	[-\$11,526, \$11,022]	-\$1,700	[-\$10,818, \$11,515]
Total Charge Difference / Home Discharge % Difference	-\$2,466	[-\$18,297, \$15,398]	-\$1,319	[-\$14,228, \$12,968]

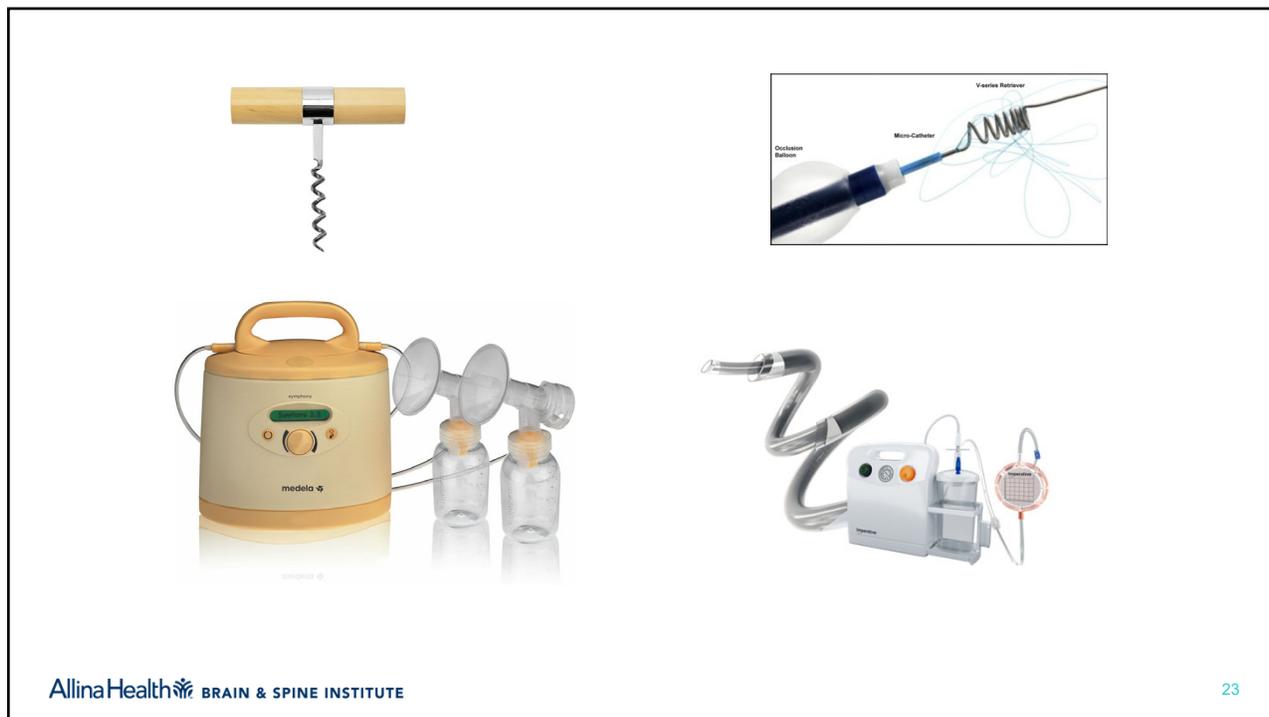
Asalthambi G et al. Preprint.

AllinaHealth BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE 21

21



22



23

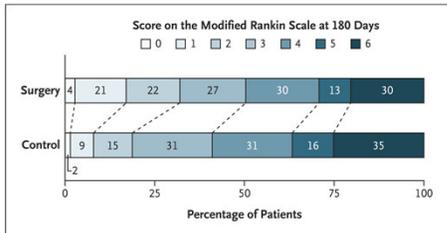
Thrombectomy in Ischemic Stroke

Therapy	Number Needed to Treat
Thrombectomy for Ischemic Stroke	2.8
Decompressive Hemicraniectomy for Stroke	2
Defibrillation for Cardiac Arrest	2.5
Goal Directed Therapy for Sepsis	5
Thrombolysis for Ischemic Stroke \leq 3 hours	8
Thrombolysis for Ischemic stroke 3-4.5 hours	15
Ipratropium and beta-agonist nebulizer for asthma	11
PCI for high-risk STEMI	17
Aspirin for STEMI	42
Antibiotics for rheumatic fever	53
Bariatric surgery on mortality in obesity	77

Kamal N et al. Br J Neurosurg 2018.

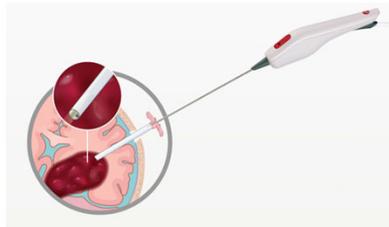
24

Hemorrhagic Stroke Interventions: ICH



Ordinal mRS score at different time points

Follow-up	Total	No. of patients		OR (95% CI)	Favors	
		MM	MIS		MM	MIS
30 d						
Overall	195	67	128	4.23 (2.36-7.57)	Favors MM	
Deep	136	46	90	3.88 (1.96-7.68)	Favors MM	
Lobar	59	21	38	5.30 (1.73-16.20)	Favors MM	
90 d						
Overall	186	66	120	1.31 (0.78-2.19)	Favors MM	
Deep	136	49	87	1.30 (0.70-2.40)	Favors MM	
Lobar	50	17	33	1.35 (0.50-3.51)	Favors MM	
180 d						
Overall	172	58	114	1.29 (0.78-2.13)	Favors MM	
Deep	125	42	83	1.28 (0.70-2.32)	Favors MM	
Lobar	47	16	31	1.30 (0.51-3.32)	Favors MM	



25

Hemorrhagic Stroke: SAH

- Aneurysm Treatment
 - Clip
 - Coil
 - Flow diversion
 - Intra-saccular (WEB)
 - Parent vessel
- Vasospasm
 - Transcranial Doppler
 - EEG



> J Neurosurg Anesthesiol. 2025 Dec 5. doi: 10.1097/ANA.0000000000001079. Online ahead of print.

Role of Electroencephalography in the Management of Aneurysmal Subarachnoid Hemorrhage: National Inpatient Sample, 2012–2017

Ganesh Asathambi¹, Summer L. Martins²

26

Stabilize: Lives



Poor outcome: OR 0.77 (95% CI 0.69-0.87)
Death: OR 0.76 (95% CI 0.66-0.85)

- Blood pressure monitoring
- Dysphagia screening
- Early mobilization
- Delirium prevention
- Reduce mortality

Langhorne P et al. Cochrane Database Syst Rev 2020.

AllinaHealth  BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE 27

27

Prevention: The Long Game



- Atrial fibrillation detection
- Antithrombotic optimization
- Blood pressure control
- LDL < 70
- PFO closure in select patients

AllinaHealth  BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE 28

28

Stabilize: Rehabilitation

- Early intensive rehabilitation improves ADLs
- SSRIs help in avoiding post-stroke depression

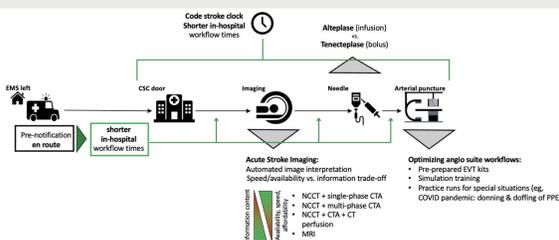
Stroke/Depression Status	Unadjusted OR (95% CI)	p-value	Adjusted OR (95% CI)	p-value
No Stroke/Depression	Reference			
No Stroke/No Depression	0.04 (0.03, 0.05)	<0.001	0.03 (0.03, 0.04)	<0.001
Stroke/No Depression	0.04 (0.01, 0.10)	<0.001	0.04 (0.02, 0.10)	<0.001
Stroke/Depression	1.55 (1, 2.39)	0.048	1.86 (1.21, 2.85)	0.005

Asalithambi et al. Preprint.



29

Workflows: Choreography Matters



Ospel JM et al. J Neurointervent Surg 2023.



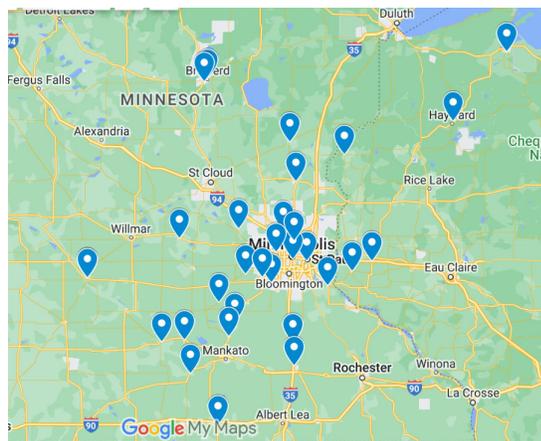
Credit: Tom Pennington, 2013.

30

Workflows: Allina Health Stroke Program



- In 2025, 4320 patients
- Telehealth: >8000 calls
- 250 thrombectomies
- 30% received reperfusion treatment
- Decrease unnecessary transfers
- Thousands of miles saved



31

The Next Frontier: Patient-Centric



- ReMEDy-2: DM199 (kallikrein)
 - Vasodilation to the microcirculation in the ischemic penumbra to avoid apoptosis
- Acupuncture in Aphasia
 - Promote brain functional reorganization in language networks
- Neuroprotection
 - ~~Targeted temperature~~
 - ~~Magnesium~~
 - ~~Nerinetide~~
 - Minocycline??
- Stem cells

32

The Next Frontier: Clinician-Centric

Heart rate variability among stroke clinicians

Study design

 <p>6 interventional cardiologists (3 attendings + 3 fellows)</p> <p>Period 1 Period 2</p> <p>Interventional cardiology fellowship year</p>	<p>Wearables</p> <p>Chest strap POLAR H10 Wrist/bicep band WHOOP 4.0</p> <p>Primary endpoint</p> <p>Heart Rate Variability (HRV)</p> <p>Related metric: Low Frequency/High Frequency (LF/HF) ratio a measure of stress</p>	<p>Day of a study period</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;">  <div style="border: 2px dashed #0072bc; padding: 5px; text-align: center;"> <p>Resting morning HRV measurement</p> <p>↓</p> <p>Procedure 1</p> <p>↓</p> <p>Procedural HRV measurement</p> </div> <div style="margin-left: 10px; text-align: center;"> <p>Repeat for each procedure</p> </div> </div>
---	---	--

Findings

Increased LF/HF ratio, indicating increased stress, during:

Complex procedures

While primary operator

Complicated procedures

Emergency procedures

First months of training

©CCAD MHIF
 Alexandrou M et al. J Invasive Cardiol 2025.

33

The Next Frontier: Enterprise-Centric

Time-Driven Activity-Based Costing

- Waste 1 minute = 1.9 million neurons
- Save 1 minute = 1.8 healthy life

• We know the neuronal and functional benefit, but for every minute saved in door to needle time, how much are we saving in operational cost?


34

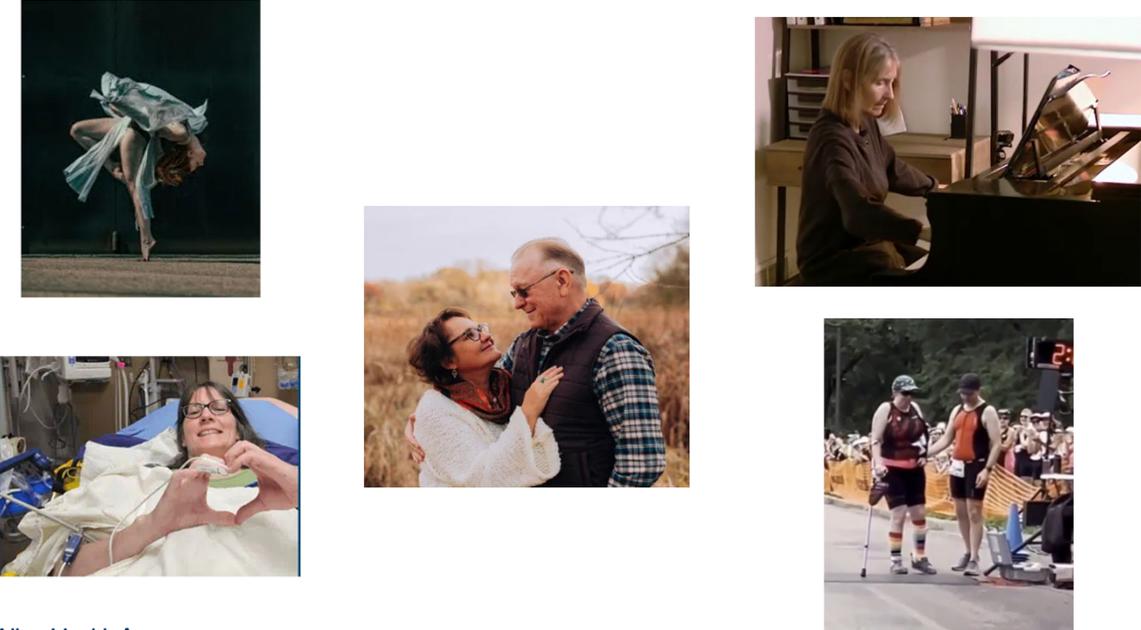
34

Coming Together

AllinaHealth  BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE

35

35



AllinaHealth  BRAIN & SPINE INSTITUTE

36



37