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Modern Day Cardiac Leads and Material Durability

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Minneapolis Heart Institute Foundation | GRAND ROUNDS | September 30, 2024




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Primary Cause of Class 1 Medical Device Recalls



40%
of Class 1 Recalls have a material of construction cited as the primary cause¹




2/3
involve Polymers²

We face two challenges in accurately predicting **FUTURE** performance.


1. Prediction timeframes that exceed more than a decade.
2. Accurately accelerating concurrent mechanical and chemical attack.

¹ <https://www.plasticstoday.com/medical/material-failure-root-cause-many-medical-device-recalls>
² <https://www.mddionline.com/materials/mitigating-risks-materials-failures-medical-devices>



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Material Failures in Medical Devices


Concurrent assault resulted in unexpected failures



Oxidation + Corrosion

1984: Metal Induced Oxidation
Corrosion of adjacent metal conductors catalyzed the polymer oxidation reaction, and in vitro studies **under predicted in vivo results**.

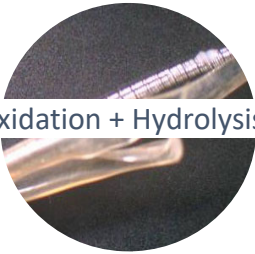
Stokes et al. *Journal of Biomaterials Applications*. 1986;1(3):411-448



Abrasion + Corrosion

2010: MoM Hip Implants
Mechanically based *in vitro* wear simulations **under predicted in vivo results** by 50x.


Sampson et al. *Ann Clin Biochem*. 2012 Mar;49(Pt 2):118-31.



Oxidation + Hydrolysis


2011: Hydrolysis of silicone-urethane
In vitro testing assumed oxidation and **under predicted in vivo results** when long term contact with water and mechanical loading occurred.

Chaffin et al. *Biomaterials*. 2013 Nov;34(33):8030-41



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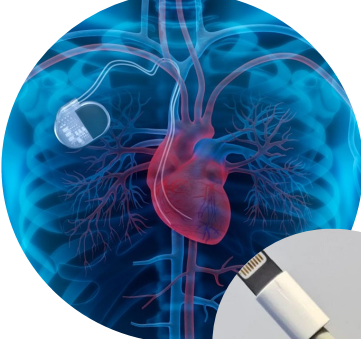
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Concurrent Mechanical Load and Chemical Attack

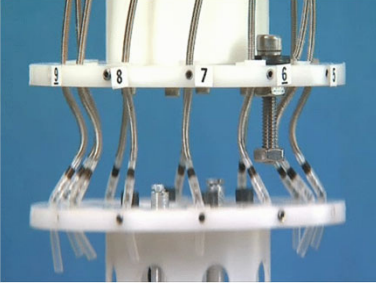
Primary insulation integrity is critical to performance



TRULY TRANSPARENT




40 Million Beats per Year




- 600 Million Beats
- 15-year device
- >95% Reliability

15 years of testing ~0.5 years



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Insulation Integrity has a Long History

Evolution of lead coating materials to expand implant longevity

Silicone



- Abrasion Failure
- Chemical resistant
- Soft/Flexible
- Large Diameter

Soft Polyurethane (80A)



- Metal Ion Oxidation (MIO)
- Abrasion resistant/tough
- Soft/Flexible/Lubricious
- Small diameter

Metal Ion Barriers



- Environmental Stress Cracking (ESC)
- Abrasion resistant/tough
- Soft/Flexible
- Continued miniaturization

Environmental Stress Cracking (ESC)

5 years of implant



10 years of implant



20 years of implant



- Oxidation
- Heterogeneous
- Superficial



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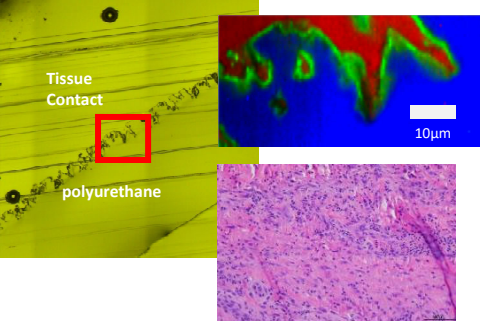
Environmental Stress Cracking (ESC)

Heterogenous and Superficial Oxidation of Polyurethane 80A

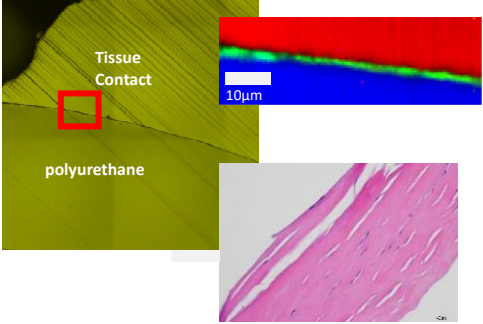
Cardiac Leads
20 year *in vivo*
Human exposure




Epoxy
Oxidized PU
Non-oxidized PU



Tissue Contact
polyurethane




Tissue Contact
polyurethane



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Reference: Theilacker, W., Spectroscopy Special Issues June 2020, Volume 35, Issue 2 Pages: 8–22, 40
(<https://www.spectroscopyonline.com/view/applications-confocal-raman-spectroscopy-and-imaging-medical-device-industry>)

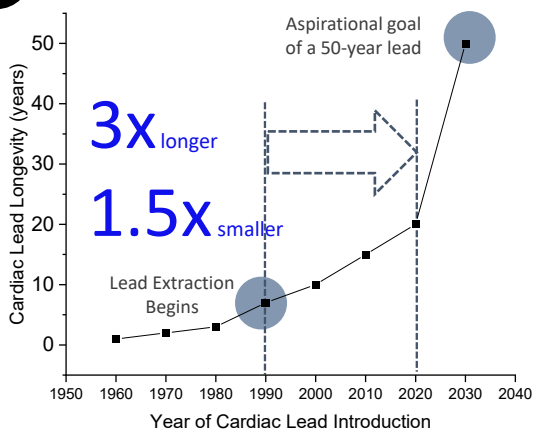


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Miniaturization and Longevity Expansion

Material durability requirements are rapidly changing

1 Earlier diagnosis and modern therapies



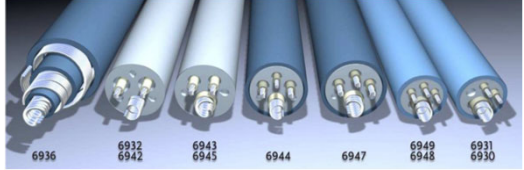
Aspirational goal of a 50-year lead

3x longer
1.5x smaller

Lead Extraction Begins


Year of Cardiac Lead Introduction

2 Miniaturization pushes material to limits




10 Fr (3.3 mm diameter) → 6.6 Fr (2.2 mm diameter)

Industry seeking materials that perform better than Polyurethane (95% at 15 yrs)



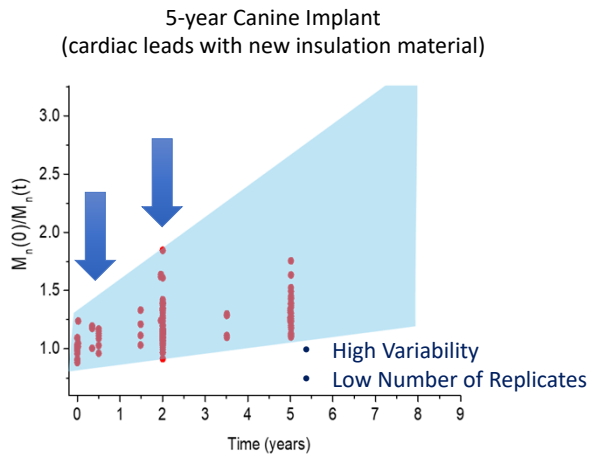
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Preclinical Models are not Adequate for New Material Evaluation

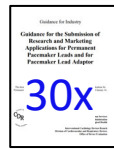
Modern day longevity cannot be assessed in animal models



Evaluation of Material Durability

FDA Guidance for Pacemaker Leads: 2000

- Focused on Polyurethane Oxidation
- 6 month *in vivo* (or 2 years without Oxidation challenge) to assess other reactions



ISO 10993: 2010

- 12-month *in vivo* OR
- 70 °C exposure for 60 days
- Defaults to 12-month preclinical

EU MDR: 2017

- 11 references to 'End of Life' performance.
- No guidance on methods to predict.



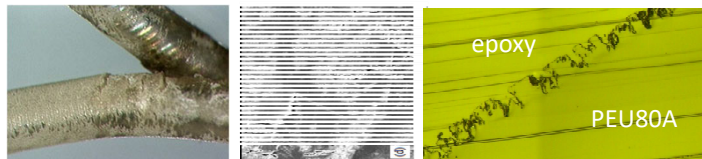
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Evaluating Materials for Long-Term Performance

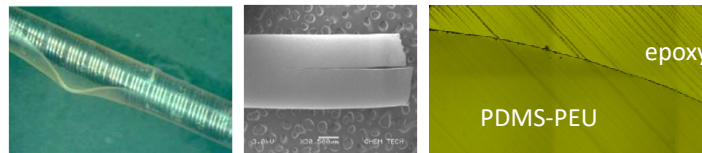
Accelerated material testing is necessary to predict the rate of change

Two primary *in vivo* reactions

Oxidation: Challenge Testing $\text{CoCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ (2000 Guidance)



Hydrolysis: Recently Qualified Medical Device Development Tool (2023 MDDT)



Simmons, et al. *Biomaterials*, Volume 25, Issue 20, 2004 pages 4887-4900, ISSN 0142-9612, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biomaterials.2004.01.004>.

1. The material must have a fast degradation reaction giving a large and detectable signal in the preclinical (animal) model.
2. The measurement method must be precise enough to accurately measure small changes.
3. The reaction must be accelerated to measure changes precisely enough to support extrapolation



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MDDT: Method to Quantitatively Accelerate and Predict Performance

Utilized the Arrhenius relationship to deduce the kinetics of reaction

1. Measure the rate (reactions per time)

$k \propto \frac{1}{M_n}$

Chain length = Molecular Weight = M_n

The number of chemical reactions is inversely proportional to chain length

2. Accelerate the reaction (the same reaction as at 37 °C)

Determine the effect of temperature on rate (i.e. the activation energy (E_a))

3. Reduced Time (1 year predicts ~ 7 year performance)

$T_{ref} = 37\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

$t_{ref} = b_T t$ where $b_T = e^{\frac{E_a}{R}(\frac{1}{T_{ref}} - \frac{1}{T})}$

Chaffin et al. *Macromolecules* **2012**, 45, 22, 9110-9120

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Medical Device Development Tool (MDDT)

FDA Program (est. 2017): Expedite guidance for regulatory submissions

The FDA has qualified 17 MDDTs to-date

Accelerated Testing to Prove Long-Term Biostability

August 9, 2023

FDA Announces a New Qualification through the Medical Device Development Tools Program

Today, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) announced the qualification of a new tool through the voluntary Medical Device Development Tools (MDDT) program: **Accelerated Testing to Prove Long-Term Material Biostability**.

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The Oxidation Susceptibility Spurred New Material Introduction

Soft Segment in Polyurethane is the susceptible linkage in the oxidation failure mode

The Polyurethane Soft Segments (red) were oxidized

Substitute new Soft segment

Silicone-Polyurethane (PDMS-PU)

Silicone

- Flexibility
- Biostability

Polyurethane

- Lubricity
- Toughness

50x the abrasion Resistance of silicone (no long-term in vivo exposure)

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PDMS Substitution Improved Oxidative Stability

Reducing the soft segment concentration slows the oxidation failure mode

Material Screening *in vitro* (Oxidative Challenge)

Extended 5-year Canine Pre-clinical

FDA Guidance for Pacemaker Leads: 2000

- Focused on Polyurethane Oxidation
- 6 months *in vivo*

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Insulation Integrity and Performance

Publications suggest high voltage performance is impacted to a greater extent

10+ years

Long-term performance of a pacing lead family: A single-center study
 Robert G. Hauser, et al. | *Heart Rhythm*. 2019 Apr;16(4):572-578. doi: 10.1016/j.hrthm.2018.10.024. Epub 2018 Oct 24. PMID: 22915789

Detection of high-frequency artifact as a function of pulse generator material
 Mikhael F El, et al. | *Heart Rhythm*. 2023 Jul; 4(7): 417-426. Published online 2023 May 20. doi: 10.1016/j.hroo.2023.05.002. PMID: 37520017

Prevalence and management of electrical lead abnormalities in cardiac implantable electronic device leads
 Hilary Roberts, BSc,* Kara Matheson, MSc,† John Sapp, MD,‡ Martin Gardner, MD,‡ Chris Gray, MD,‡ Amir AbdelWahab, MD,‡ David Lee, MD,‡ Clorsti Macintyre, MD,§ and Ratika Parkash, MD, MSc,‡* | *Heart Rhythm*. 2023 Jul; 4(7): 417-426. PMID: 37520017





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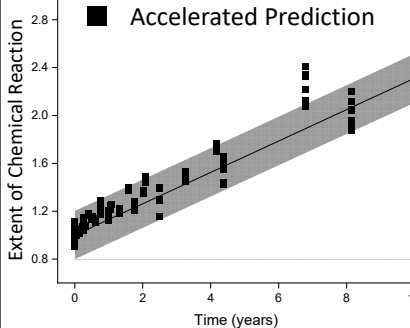


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Validating the Accelerated Prediction

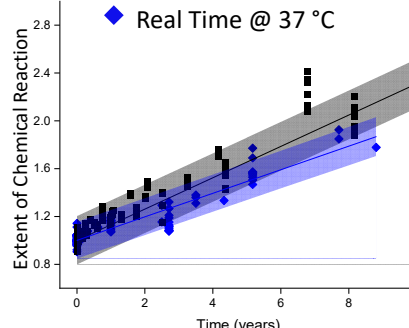
Real-time testing to demonstrate that accelerated in vitro conditions could simulate the in vivo environment

Accelerated Prediction



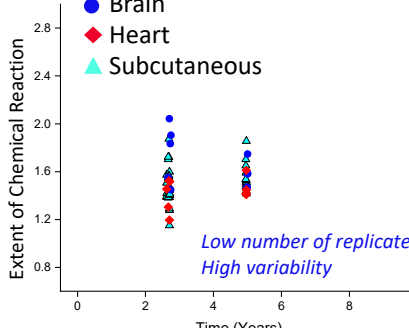
Chaffin et al. *Macromolecules* **2012**, 45, 22, 9110-9120

Real Time @ 37 °C




Chaffin, *ACS Macro Letters*. **2020** 9. 1793-1798.

Brain
Heart
Subcutaneous




Low number of replicates
High variability

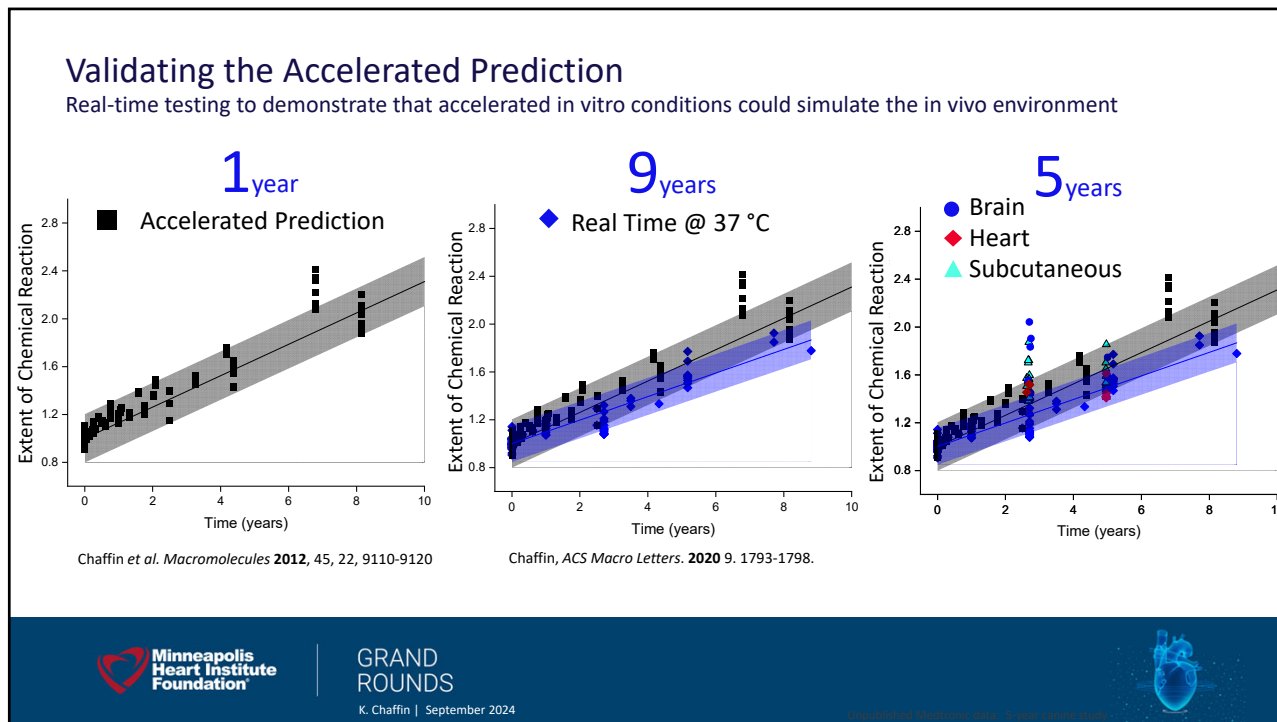


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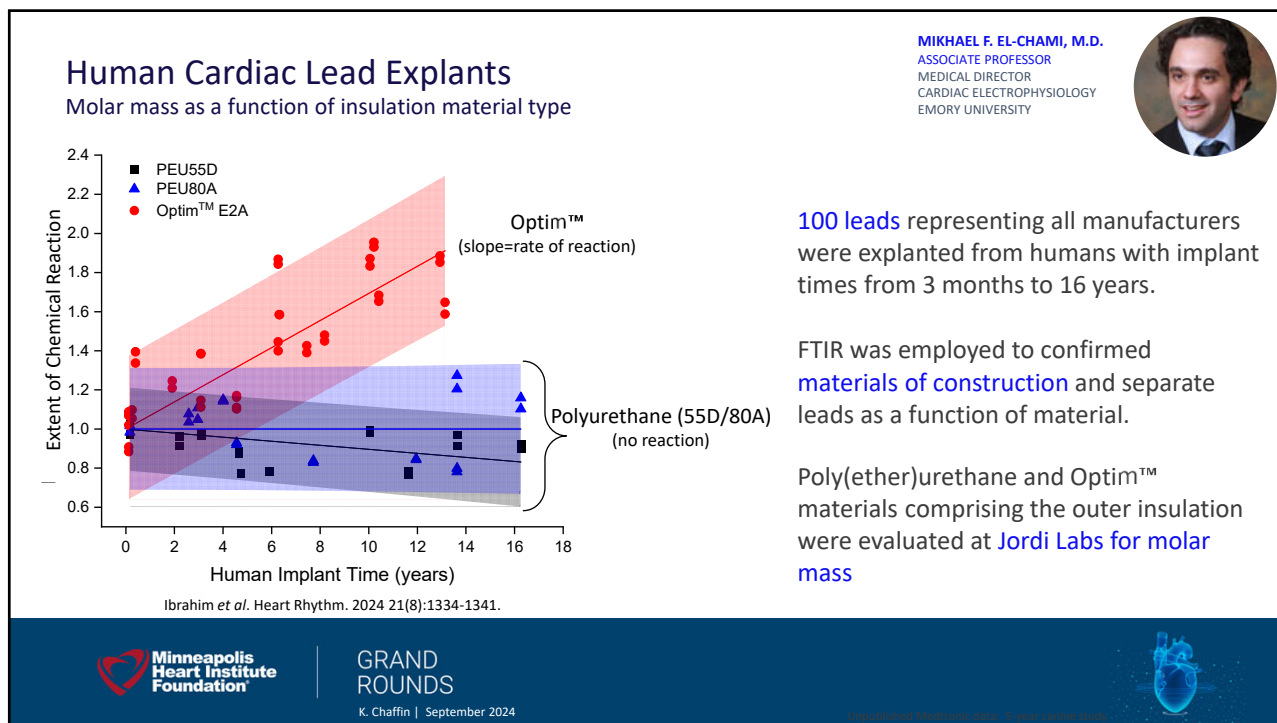
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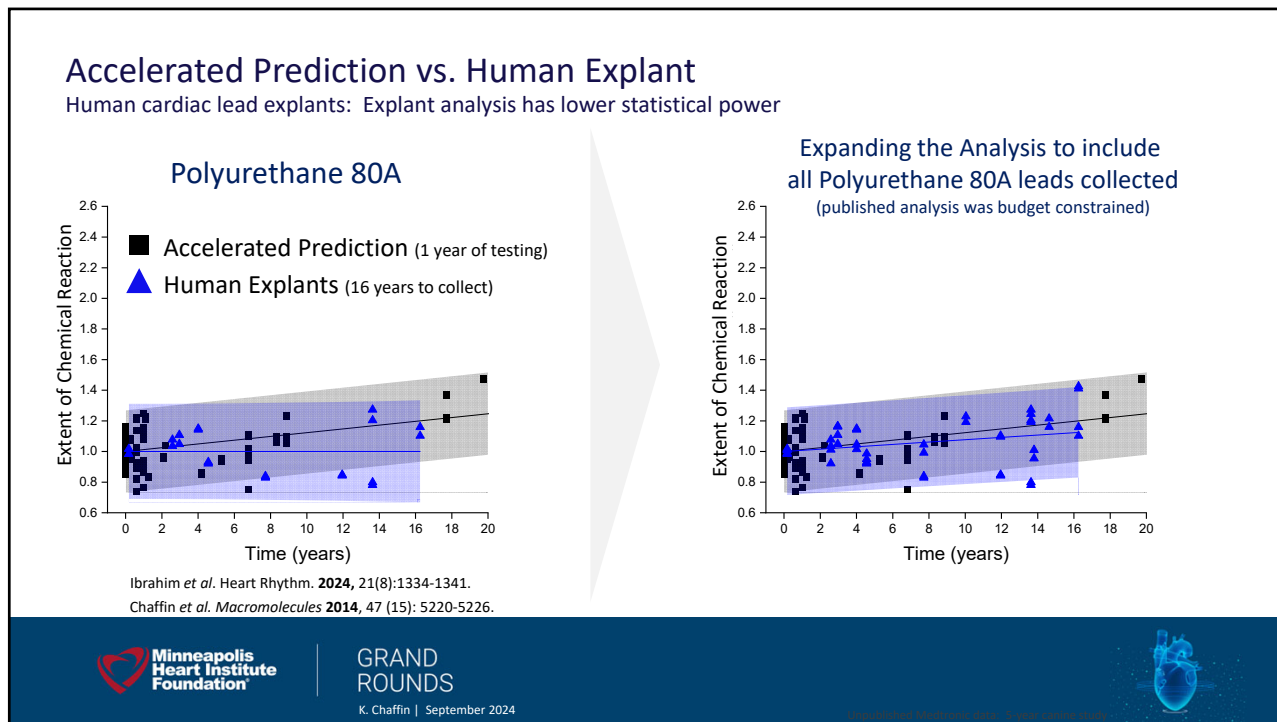
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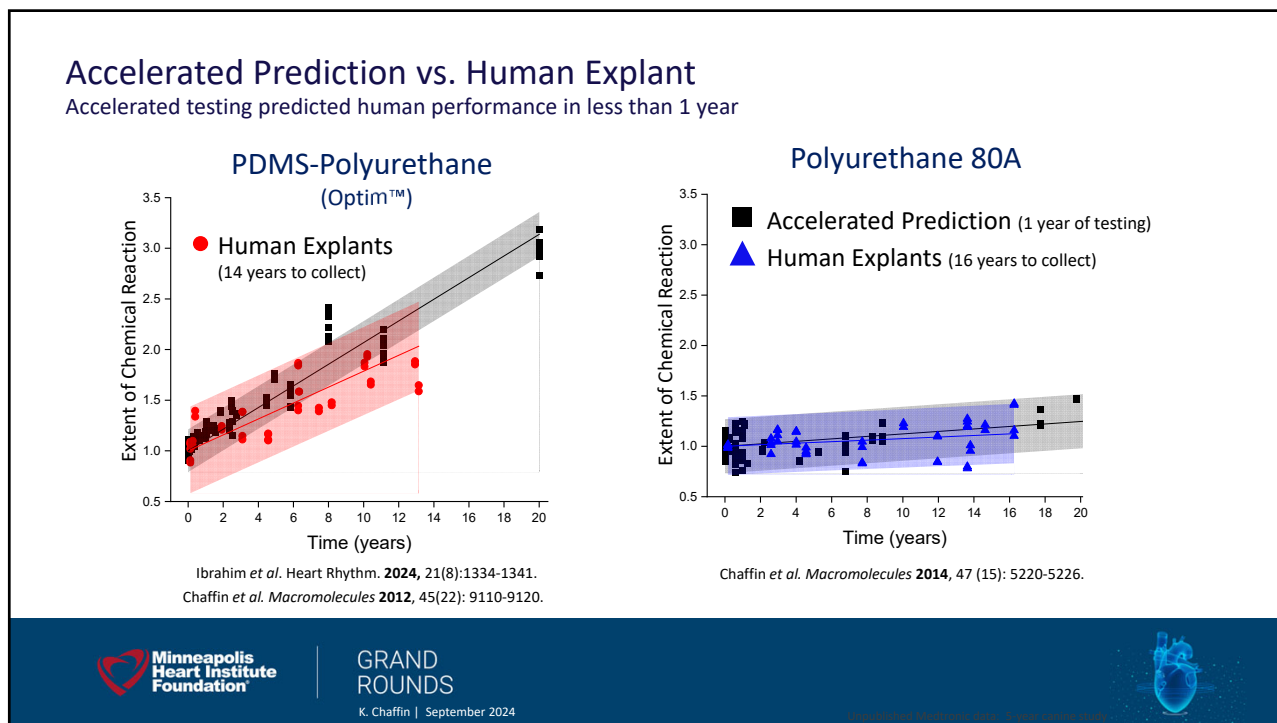
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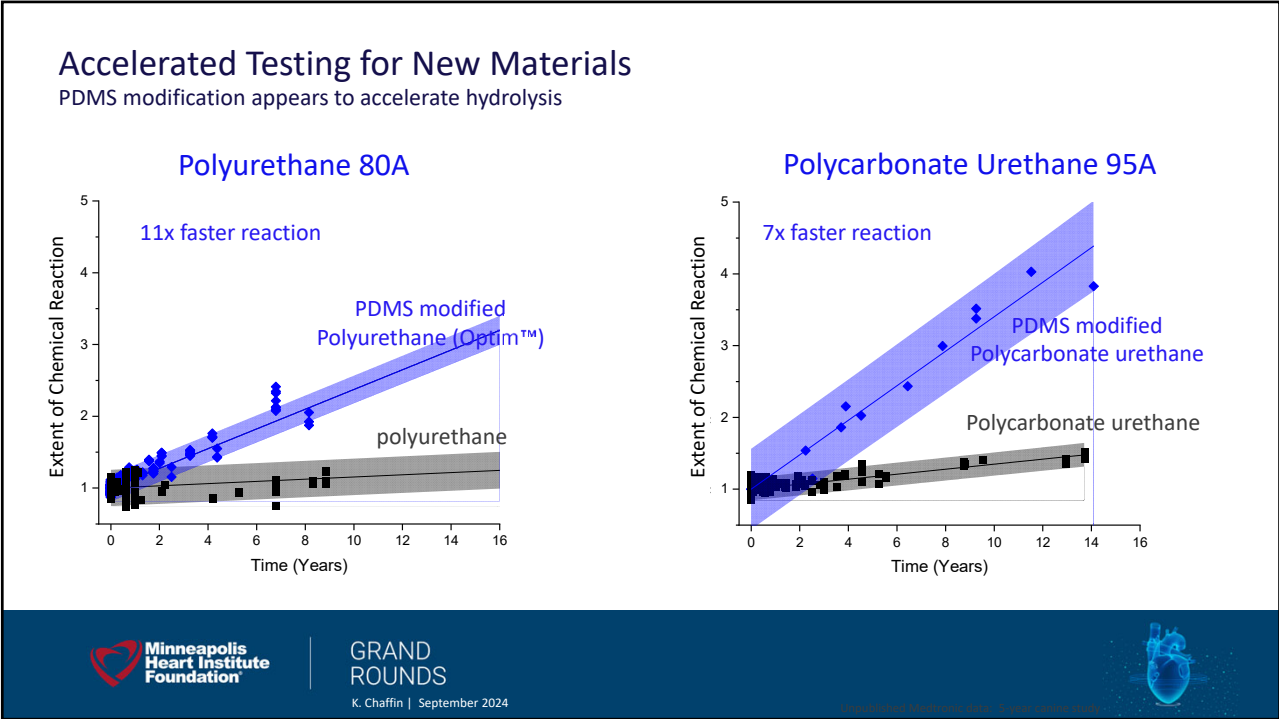
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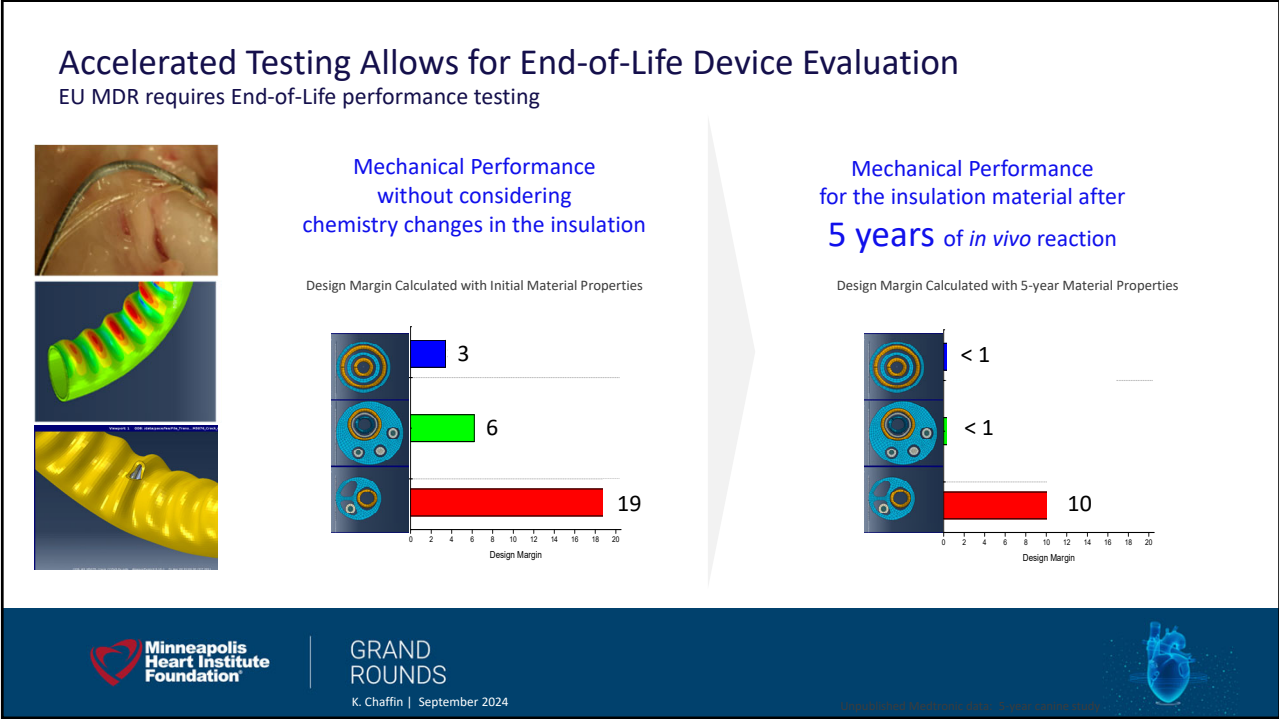
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Summary: Modern day Cardiac Leads and Insulation Durability

1. The recently qualified MDDT fills a gap in the current guidance which only accelerates the OXIDATION reaction, leaving the rate of HYDOLYSIS reaction to be resolved in SHORT real time exposures. [Endorses ACCELERATED predictive testing.](#)

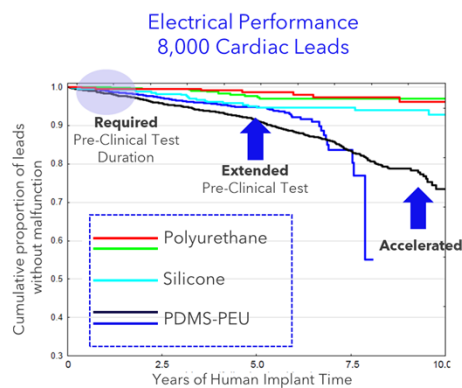
Qualified Medical Device Development Tools (MDDTs)
Accelerated Testing to Prove Long-Term Biostability
August 9, 2023



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Summary: Modern day Cardiac Leads and Insulation Durability

1. The recently qualified MDDT fills a gap in the current guidance which only accelerates the OXIDATION reaction, leaving the rate of HYDOLYSIS reaction to be resolved in SHORT real time exposures.
2. Modern day biostable materials require accelerated testing to resolve degradation reactions that could compromise patient safety



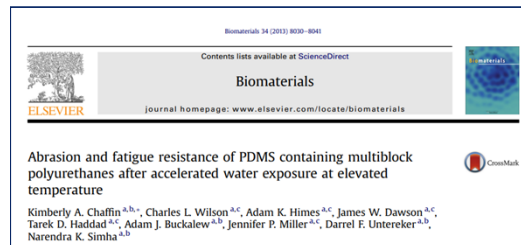
El-Chami, et al *Heart Rhythm* 2019, 16, 572-578



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Summary: Modern day Cardiac Leads and Insulation Durability

1. The recently qualified MDDT fills a gap in the current guidance which only accelerates the **OXIDATION** reaction, leaving the rate of **HYDROLYSIS** reaction to be resolved in **SHORT** real time exposures.
2. Modern day biostable materials **require accelerated testing** to resolve degradation reactions that could compromise patient safety
3. The accelerated testing scheme provides a recipe for taking a material to a **simulated future time** and evaluating it for performance.



Chaffin et al. Biomaterials 2013; 34(33):8030-8041

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Backup Slides



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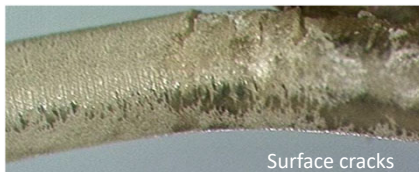


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Two primary in vivo Reactions: Oxidation and Hydrolysis

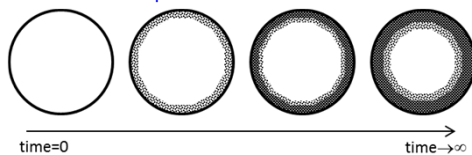
Only oxidation will show surface cracking. Hydrolysis must be measured in the bulk with molar mass

Oxidation results in surface damage



Oxidation

- Mass transport limited

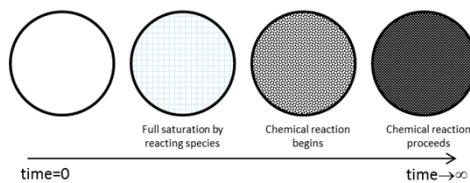


Hydrolysis results in bulk damage



Hydrolysis

- Reaction limited



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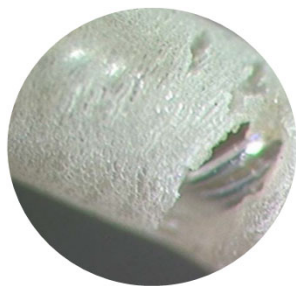
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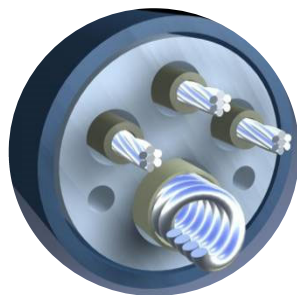
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Screening New Materials for Long Term Durability

Understanding the oxidation reaction: Most consequential recall for my company circa 1983



- 80% survival at 3 years end of life
- 30,123 leads
- Company size: \$750 M annual revenue



New Design Rules

1. Metal Ion Barriers (PTFE and ETFE)
2. Material Screening with Oxidative Challenge
0.1M CoCl₂/20% H₂O₂ @ 37°C; 16 weeks
3. Minimum Wall Thickness
4. Longer Preclinical Screening for New Material Introduction



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